Human Interaction Container Paradigm (+)





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Human Machine Interfaces (HMI) were designed to render applications or systems tracktable by the user, and it can be observed an increasing need on HMI that could provide assistance to the user in business execution. Such need leads to new approaches to HMI, that is model-based Human System Interaction that support

- Objective: investigate, develop, experiment and transfer the technology required for the next generation of intelligent user interfaces offering dynamic adaptation to user on one hand, and support model-driven approach for interaction engineering.
- Solution: Render the interaction logic explicit and independent from other logics (application/business logic and interface/presentation logic)
- Main issues:
 - ☐ Implement the separation between the various logics
 - □ Build models for the representation of the interaction context:
 - User (profile, preferences, role, task or mission, ...)
 - □ Domain (application services, application state, business rules, ...)
 - Devices (workstation PC, laptop PC, PDA, mobile phone, tablet PC, ...)
 - Modalities (graphical, speech-based, gesture-based, ...)
- Propose generic interaction processes that can be easily instantiated upon specific business domains



The Human Interaction Container (HIC) Paradigm (+)

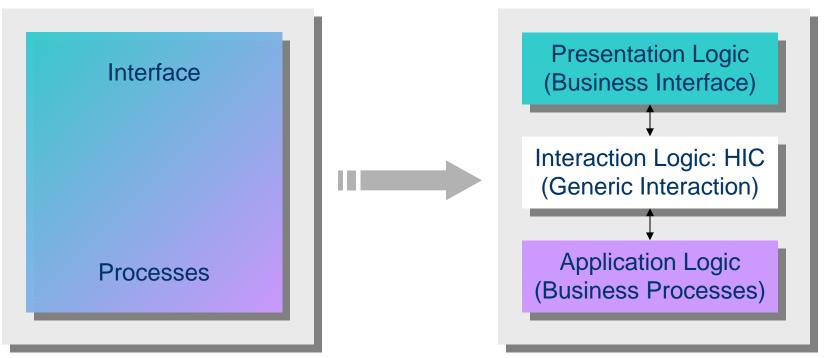


Human Interaction Container Paradigm:

Dig-out Interaction from MMI, by splitting Interaction on one hand, and interaction rendering for human senses (vision, touch, etc.) on the other.

Current Systems

HIC-based Systems



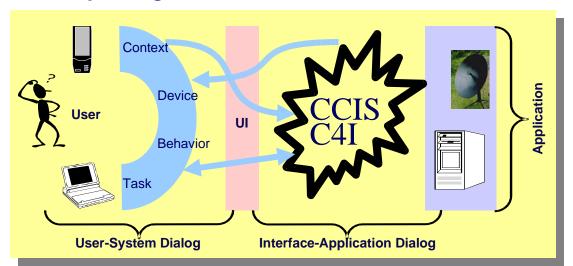
Human Interaction Container Paradigm:

Embodying human as sub-system in the system

HALE

Benefits and impacts (**)

A new paradigm of interaction



Benefits

Business centered user interface

Redundancy of information

Adaptation to user profiles

The right information to the right person

Persistency of business performance

Plug and play devices

Team awareness

Services

O Dynamic interfaces

Selection of UI templates

- * Static & dynamic GUI
- **★** Voice browsing

Adaptation to context

- **★** Domain, task, user and device
- ***** History of interaction
- ***** Application state

Rendering by

- * Web browser
- **★** VoiceXML browser
- ***** GUI generator
- **O** Mobility over networks and devices
- Collaborative interaction: support to

Team communication

Team coordination

Exemplification of the HIC Paradigm



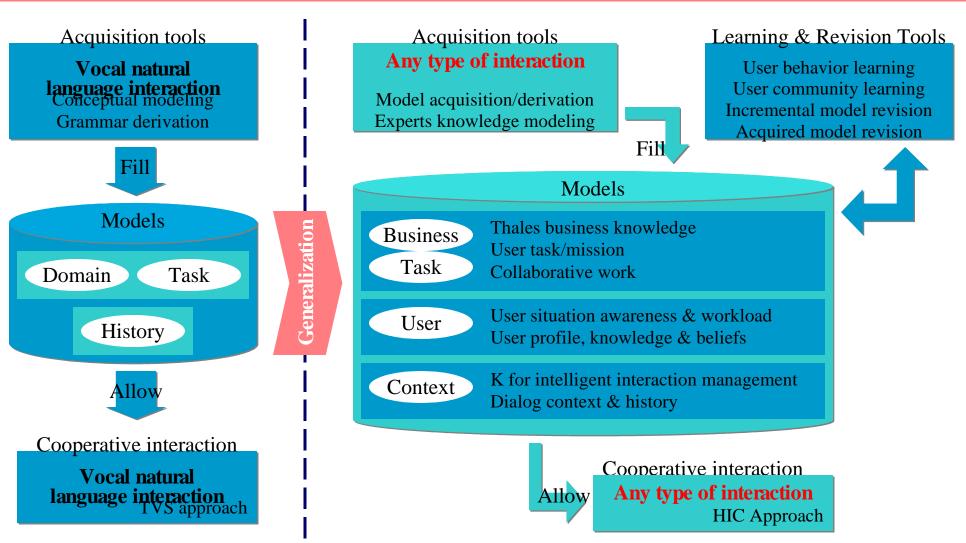
Current Architectures HIC-based Architectures Tier One **Tier One** Client Client Make Devices Interaction services From three tier architectures... independent of **Terminal** .to four tier architectures specific use **Tier Two Business Interaction ■ Services Tier Two: Tier Three** Make **Application Server Application Server Application services** independent of **Organization Tier Three Tier Four** specific use **Database Database**



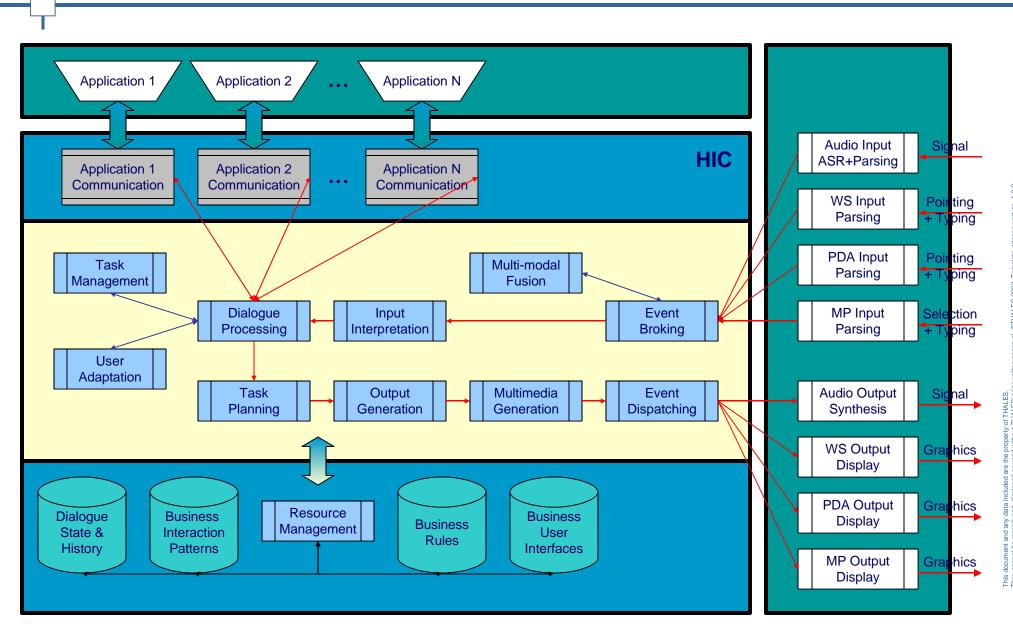
From background to Scientific Approach (+)



Generalization of the context-based approach from vocal natural language interaction to any type of interaction







First Prototype results





Application Server HIC Framework



Database

Audio HMI



Database + Business Client Server Interaction Tier Tiers Tier



Enhanced User Profile Management

Only the information the user needs (filtering & push)
"Adaptive" user model

Auto- Adaptation to User Terminal

Automatic HMI configuration Automatic Data Filtering

"Workgroup" Messenger

Team Work modeling rule
Automatic Acronyms
Translator
voice
recognition/synthesis

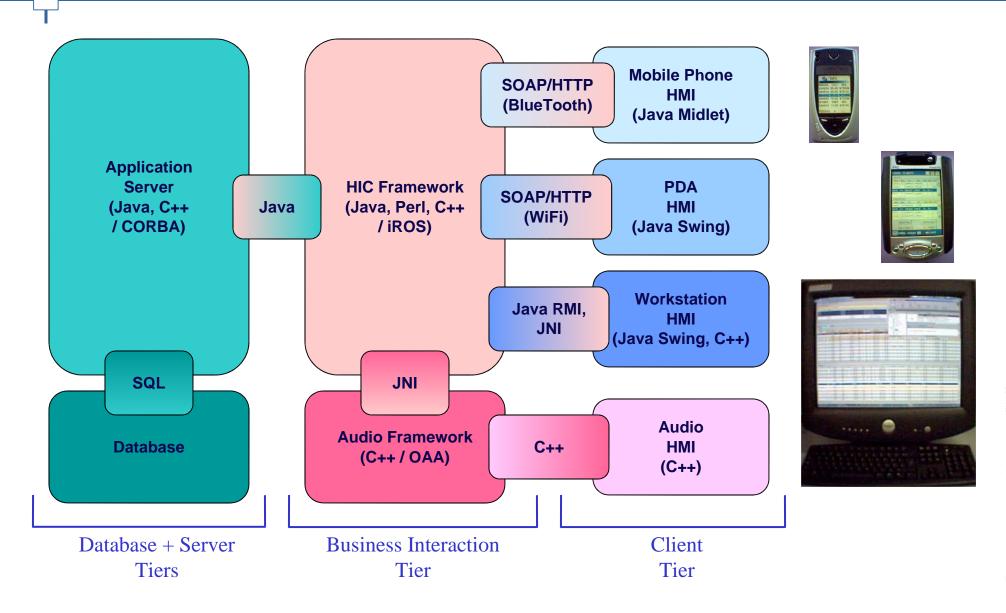
XML Based Communication model

Platform-independent architecture IP network compatibility



Architecture of the HIC Framework Realization (







Questions?





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